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A GREAT  
STOMACH BRACERMakes You Feel Lively and  
Young—Remove That  
Tired Feeling

At some period in our lives there is sure to come a time when the stomach is "off"—not working well—failing to enjoy and digest its food. Main thing then is to get the right remedy. You really want a soothing medicine, one quick to act, sure on results, combining the virtues of a gentle laxative with a tonic effect upon the stomach, liver and kidneys.

Certainly the world affords no better medicines for the stomach than Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. Their laxative effect is ideal—can't be beaten! But in addition to their helpful action upon the bowels, these pills contain certain ingredients that strengthen and invigorate the muscles of the stomach, thereby relieving all sorts of stomach misery, indigestion, sourness, rising gas, headache and biliousness.

Just try Dr. Hamilton's Pills—they'll make you full of energy—brimming over with snap; they bring and maintain robust, sound, vigorous health, and isn't that just what you've looked for these many months? DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS. 25c per box, all dealers.

THE  
COW PUNCHER  
—BY—  
ROBERT J. C. STEADCopyrighted, Canada, 1918, By  
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Arrangement.

(Continued.)

"Whatever has come over Irene?" said Mrs. Hardy to the doctor one evening when their daughter had been particularly indisposed to a theatre invitation. "She hasn't been the same since she came home. I should not have let her go west alone."

The doctor looked up mildly from his paper. It was the custom of the doctor to look up mildly when Mrs. Hardy made a statement demanding some form of recognition. From the wide initiation into domestic affairs which his profession had given him, Dr. Hardy had long since ceased to look for the absolute in woman. He had never looked for it in man. He realized that in Mrs. Hardy he did not possess a perfect being, but he was equally convinced that in no other woman would he have found a perfect mate, and he accepted his lot with the philosophy of his sixty years. If Mrs. Hardy, in some respects, failed to measure up to his standard of the ideal, he found it true, nevertheless, that she had many admirable qualities. Granting that in his maternal adventure he might possibly have done somewhat better, fairness compelled the admission that he might also have done very much worse. And being, as has been hinted, something of a philosopher, he had sought, whenever possible, to harmonize his life with hers; and when that was impossible, at least to keep what pressure he might upon the soft pedal. So instead of reminding his wife that Irene had not been alone when she went west he remarked, very mildly, that the girl was growing older.

Mrs. Hardy found in the remark occasion to lay down the hook she had been holding, and to sit upright in a rigidity of intense disapproval. Dr. Hardy was aware that this was entirely a theatrical attitude, assumed for the purpose of imposing upon him a proper humility. He had experienced it many, many times. And he knew that his statement, notwithstanding its obviousness, was about to be challenged.

"Dr. Hardy," said his wife, after the lapse of an appropriate period, "do you consider that an intelligent remark?"

"It has the advantage of truthfulness," returned the doctor, complacently. "It is susceptible of demonstration."

"I should think this is a matter of sufficient interest to the family to be discussed, seriously," retorted Mrs. Hardy, who had an unfortunate habit of becoming exasperated by her husband's good humor. She had none of his philosophy, and she mistook his even temper for indifference. "Irene is our only child and before your very eyes you see her—you see her—Mrs. Hardy's fears were too nebulous to enable her to complete the sentence.

"Yes, I see her," the doctor admitted. "That is, I did see her at dinner. There is nothing alarming about that." Then, relenting, "But, seriously, what reason have you for uneasiness about the child?"

"Reason enough. She behaves so strangely. Do you know, I begin—I really do begin to suspect that she's in love."

It was Dr. Hardy's turn to sit upright. "Nonsense," he said. "Why should she be in love?" It is the unfortunate limitation of the philosopher that he so often leaves irrational behavior out of the reckoning. "She is only a child."

"She will be eighteen presently."

And why shouldn't she be in love? And the question is—who? That is for you to answer. Whom did she meet?"

"If you would find a Hamlet at the root of this melancholy you must ask our Ophelia. She met no one with me. My accident left me to enjoy my holiday as best I could at a ranch deep in the foothills, and Irene stayed with me there. There was no one else."

"No one? No ranch men, cowboys, cow punchers—I think I have heard," with nice edging.

"No. Only young Elden."

"Only? Who is this young Elden?"

"But he is just a boy. Just the son of the old rancher of whom I have told you."

"Exactly. And Irene is just a girl. Dr. Hardy, you are all very well with your fevers and your chills, but you can't diagnose a love case worth a cent. An epidemic would break out under your very eyes and you blissfully unconscious. What about this young Elden? Did Irene see much of him?"

The doctor spread his hands. "Do you realize that there were four of us at that ranch—four only, and no one else for miles? How could she help seeing him?"

"And you permitted it?"

"I was on my back with a broken leg. We were guests at their home. They were good Samaritans to us. I couldn't chaperon her. And besides, they don't do things that way in that country. You don't understand. It's altogether different."

"Andrew," said Mrs. Hardy, leaning forward, and the word was ominous, for she used his Christian name only in moments of crisis, "was Irene ever with this young man alone?"

The doctor arose to his feet and trod heavily upon the rich carpeting. "I told you you don't understand," he protested. "The West is not the East. Everything is different."

"I suppose human nature is different," she interrupted, meaningly. Then her head fell upon the table, and her hands went up about her hair. It had been brown hair once, but was now thin and streaked with grey. "Oh, Andrew," she wept. "We are ruined. That we should ever have come to this!"

It was now Dr. Hardy's turn to be exasperated. There was one thing his philosophy could not endure. That was a person who was not, and would not be, philosophical. Mrs. Hardy was not, and would not be, philosophical. She was an absolutist. With Mrs. Hardy things were right or things were wrong. Moreover, that which was done according to rule was right, and that which was not done according to rule was wrong. It was apparent that the acquaintance of Irene and Dave Elden had not been according to rule.

"This is all nonsense," said the doctor, impatiently. "There is nothing to it, anyway. The girl had to have some company. What if they did ride together? What?"

"They rode together? Alone?"

"They rode together? Alone?"

"Through the forest, I suppose," said Mrs. Hardy, with an air of one whose humiliation is complete.

"Oh, yes, through the forests, across the foothills, up the canyons, hours of it, days of it, weeks of it."

"Stop! You are mocking me. In this hour of shame you are making jests. Call Irene."

The girl was summoned. Her fine face had lost some of its brownness, but the eyes seemed deeper and slower, but she was still a vision of grace and beauty as she stood in response to their call framed in the curtains of an archway. Her quick sense caught the tense atmosphere, and she came forward with parted lips and extended fingers. There was the glint of light on her white teeth.

"Yes," she said. "What is wrong? Can I help?"

"Your father has confessed," said Mrs. Hardy, trying hard to speak with judicial calm. "Now tell us about your relations with this young Elden, this cow puncher. Let us know the worst."

Irene's startled eyes flew from her mother to her father's face. And there they caught something that restored their calm.

"There was no worst," she said, with a ripple of laughter. "But there was a good deal of best. Shall I tell you the best?"

"Irene," said her mother, severely, "did you permit that young man to make love to you?"

"I did not give him permission, if that answers you, because—he didn't ask it."

Mrs. Hardy had risen. "Andrew, you hear that? She confesses. And you, blind, blind, couldn't see it!"

"Is it very dreadful?" asked Irene. "Yes, you mock me, too. Of course it's dreadful. Horrible. What will everybody say?"

"No worse than you have said, I'll be bound," put in the doctor. "Yes, take her part. What care you for the family name?"

"I have a right to speak for the family name," said the doctor firmly. "It was mine before it was yours. And I sometimes think if we lived under more liberal laws, it might be mine after it had ceased to be yours."

"I cannot see that the family name has been compromised in the slightest degree. This is Irene's first adventure. It will pass away. And even if it does not—he is a lovely boy."

Mrs. Hardy surveyed her husband hopelessly, then turned to Irene. "Have you made any promises?"

"Only that I wouldn't make any promises until he had his chance. That seemed fair."

"I suppose you are receiving letters from him?"

"No."

"None at all?"

"None at all."

"Why doesn't he write?"

For the first time Irene's eyes fell, and the color mounted richer in her cheeks. She had to confess now, not for herself, but for him.

"He can't write," she said.

"Merciful Heavens!" exclaimed Mrs. Hardy, collapsing into a chair. "Andrew, bring me a stimulant!"

The outcome was that Mrs. Hardy insisted upon Irene embarking at once upon a finishing course. When this was completed, as the girl had shown a sense for form and color, she encouraged her into a special art course. Afterwards they travelled together for a year in Europe. Then, home again, Irene pursued her art, and her mother surrounded her with the social attractions which Dr. Hardy's comfortable income and professional standing made possible.

Her purpose was obvious, and but thinly disguised. She hoped that her daughter would outlive her youthful infatuation, and would at length, in more subtle match, give her heart to one of the numerous eligibles of her circle.

To promote this end Mrs. Hardy spared no pains. Young Carlton, son of a banker and one of the leading men of his set, seemed a particularly appropriate match. Mrs. Hardy opened her home to him, and Carlton, whatever his motives, was not slow to grasp the situation. For years Irene had not spoken of Dave Elden, and the mother had grown to hope that the old attachment had died down and would presently be quite forgotten in a new and more becoming passion. The fact is that Irene at that time would have been quite incapable of stating her relation toward Elden and its influence upon her attitude to life. She was by no means sure that she loved that unburied boy of romantic memory; she was by no means sure that she should ever marry him, let his development in life be what it would. But she felt that her heart was locked, at least for the present, to all other suitors. She had given her promise, and that settled the matter. True, he had not come to claim fulfillment of that promise—and at times she scolded him soundly in the secrecy of her own mind for his negligence through all these years—but she was young, with no desire for a decisive step, and while she chafed under his apparent neglect she felt a sort of tingling dread of the day when he should neglect her no longer. One thing she knew: he had implanted in her soul a fine contempt for men of the set which Carlton typified. They would have thought Dave ignorant; but she knew that if Dave and Carlton were thrown into the wilderness on their own resources, Dave would thrive and Carlton would starve. Perhaps Dave's education, although not recognized by any university save the university of hard knocks, was the more real and valuable of the two.

Notwithstanding her contempt for him, the girl found herself encouraging Carlton's advances, or at least not meeting them with the rebuffs which had been her habit toward all other suitors, and Mrs. Hardy's hopes grew as the attachment apparently developed. But they were soon to be shattered.

Irene had gone with Carlton to the city, after a long and happy visit. It was long past midnight when she reached home; she knocked at her mother's door, and immediately entered. She was splendidly gowned, but her hair was dishevelled and her cheeks were flushed, and she walked unsteadily across the room.

(To Be Continued.)

## Answers of Pupils

"Bigamy is when a man tries to serve two masters."

"The law allowing only one wife is called monogamy."

"The liver is an internal organ of the body."

"The priest and Levite passed on the other side because the man had been robbed already."

"Soldiers live in a fort; where their wives live is called a fortress."

"A butress is the wife of a butler."

"A schoolmaster is called a pedagogue."

"Filigree means a list of your descendants."

"The wife of a prime minister is called a primate."

It is estimated that the cost of the new irrigation project north of the town, known as the Lethbridge Irrigation District, will be between three and four million dollars. The scheme embraces about 100,000 acres.

## HOLY GEE, MY HEAD

FEELS GOOD TO-DAY!

Pain Over Eyes Is Gone  
Headache Cured, Catarrh  
Relieved!This is the Common Experience  
of Those Who Breathe  
the Vapor of

Catarrhazone

Remember this, Catarrh can never be cured or even relieved by a cough syrup, a spray, or tablet treatment. Trouble is these remedies slip quickly over the sore irritated membranes, drop into the stomach and do little else but harm digestion. It's different with "Catarrhazone"—you inhale it. Every breath sends healing balsams to the inflamed tissues. Tightness, soreness and inflammation are cured by healing pine essences. The cough dies away, throat is strengthened, huskiness is cured. Nothing is so simple, so convenient, so certain to cure as Catarrhazone. The dollar outfit includes the inhaler, costs \$1.00, and is guaranteed to cure. Small size 50c, trial size 25c, all dealers, or the Catarrhazone Co., Kingston, Ont.

W. N. U. 1295

Regulations to Save  
Canadian Wild GameDogs Chasing Game May Be Shot at  
Sight By Park Officials

Regulations giving protection to game in Dominion parks, published in this week's Canada Gazette, forbid hunting within the confines of a Dominion park, or the possession of any game or trophies of the chase within such confines. Nests of wild birds must not be disturbed, and cats, except under exceptional circumstances, are to be shot at sight by forest officers. Where the superintendent deems necessary he may issue a license for keeping a cat, and all dogs must be licensed. Dogs chasing or molesting game may be shot at sight by park officials.

Persons residing in, visiting, or travelling through the Dominion parks with firearms in their possession must have those firearms sealed up on entry and the seal must not be broken except by a duly authorized officer. Rifles or guns may be confiscated, if unsealed, and the person owning them be subject to further penalties. Parties travelling through Dominion parks must register their firearms, the route to be travelled, etc., with park officers and stringent regulations are also provided to prevent the setting out of poison or gas for taking, injuring or destroying game at any time of the year. The maximum penalty set out is \$500 or six months' imprisonment.

## The Democratic Prince

Hereafter His is a Name to Conjure  
With in Canada

After his long visit comprising the epic distances of the Dominion from ocean to ocean, and the short visit to our neighbors and cousins below the boundary, the Prince has sailed away from Halifax for England again. In the fancy of his comrades-in-arms and of his father's loyal Canadian subjects, there is a halo of romance in that sailing as truly as though he were a prince of the olden time making the voyage in a wooden ship driven by Atlantic winds. For the Prince captured the hearts and imaginations wherever he went, and hereafter his is a name to conjure with in Canada which he has prettily mentioned and practically settled to be his home also.

How was it that the Prince suited the Canadian people and the American, who were as enthusiastic hosts as ourselves? Every man and woman who met him found his hosts.

For one thing, he was a good gift of loveable, and he had a faculty for saying the right thing at the right place on the spur of the moment, gifts of incomparable value to royalty. For another thing he has shown conclusively how Royal Highness can be demonstrated as democratic gentleman unaffected and modest, but eager to do the business of a strenuous and exacting calling. He made himself one of us which in the last analysis, Royalty must be; and he performed the duties of Royalty throughout his whole visit, royally in the sense of the term.

The Prince has sailed away. . . . May he come again soon, if not officially then as a rancher of the Western plains under the shadow of the Rockies yonder. Prince and rancher and man, he has the deep-seated affection of the Canadian people—Manitoba Free Press.

## An Indication of Prosperity

One Person in Every Twelve Owns  
An Automobile in  
Saskatchewan

When a province with a population of about 750,000 has almost 50,000 automobiles in use, or an average of one to every twelve persons, it is fairly obvious that that province is enjoying a reasonable amount of prosperity. This, in a community where the majority of its population is dependent on the products of the land, means agricultural prosperity.

This year, to date, 58,821 automobile licenses have been taken out in the province of Saskatchewan, or approximately 8,000 more than were issued in 1918, according to figures compiled by the motor license department of the Saskatchewan government. These figures may be taken as representative of the whole year, as no further 1919 license will be issued after the middle of this month.

Danish Union of Employers

Copenhagen has outstripped the rest of Europe in forming a union of employers to contend with strikes. The transport workers who quit work were informed by the employers' union that if they did not return within a stated time all employers would boycott them.

Nine hundred and ninety-seven cutting tools alone are required in manufacturing a modern rifle. The twist drill is one of the busiest of these. To supply 1,000,000 rifles, 94,000,000 holes must be drilled.

Every Alberta  
Exhibit a FirstSpectacular Success at International  
Stock Show at Chicago

"Every exhibit from Alberta carried off a first," remarked G. H. Hutton, superintendent of animal husbandry of the C.P.R. department of natural resources, on his return from the International Stock Show at Chicago.

"In addition to the spectacular success of Hon. Duncan Marshall and Mr. Beeching, J. B. Lucas, of Calgary, Alberta, obtained first in oats at the grain show with a very fine sample."

"The general quality of the exhibits was well above the average, and there was a remarkably large number of entries. In cattle in car lots alone, there were 1,000 entries of extra fine cattle. The competitions were strong in all classes, and to win anything at all was a great honor. Even the horse exhibits were strong this year."

At the International Hay and Grain Show held in conjunction with the stock show, Saskatchewan made a clean up in spring wheat, winning 14 out of 25 prizes, including the first six. Saskatchewan exhibitors were almost equally successful in the oat competitions, carrying away with them six awards.

## Wireless Telephony

Can Now Be Practised from an Air-  
ship up to a Distance of  
165 Miles

The wonders of the new wireless telephony were demonstrated the other day at the houses of parliament in London, when a number of people were able to converse with the observers of airplanes flying at a height of several thousand feet and at distances of 10 to 20 miles. There was also a conversation with a wireless telephone station some 20 miles away, and gramophone tunes were transmitted and were very plainly audible.

Sometimes when the conditions were particularly favorable the voice reproduced at Westminster was overpoweringly loud. One of the messages sent was an invitation to all R.A.F. pilots within a radius of 20 miles to dine with General Seely, and in the pause that followed the two original recipients of the message could be heard passing it on to their fellow airmen. The invitation was promptly accepted.

It was explained that wireless telephony can now be practised from an airship up to a distance of 165 miles and from an airplane up to 100 miles. Some postal machines from England to France are now fitted with the system, and it has proved of very considerable advantage.

This demonstration was incidentally the occasion of a secret of the war being disclosed. Wireless telephony was made possible early in 1915 and was experimented upon that year by the Royal Flying Corps. By 1917 sufficient progress had been made for the system to be of practical use. In March, 1918, two squadrons of the western front were fitted with wireless telephony, and the fact became known to the Germans. They heard English speech in their wireless receivers, and not knowing to what uses the new invention might be put, from that time avoided our squadrons.

Unfortunately the retreat in March, 1918, broke up the organization, and by the time of the armistice practically nothing more had been done. But so far as is known nothing in connection with wireless telephony had been developed by the Germans, and it is impossible to estimate the advantage of our being so well ahead of the enemy.

In the course of the demonstration it was shown how an airship or a big airplane can determine its position from signals received from high-power wireless stations up to 700 miles. A new telephone was also exhibited, in which the transmitter, instead of being held to the mouth, is pressed against the neck of the speaker and records the vibrations of the human tissues instead of those of the air.

The sequel to the above-named inventions is interesting. Six officers dined that night with the air minister, General Seely, at the House of Commons. It was explained that the invitations were received and accepted while the airplanes had been flying round London within a radius of about 30 miles, at heights up to 15,000 feet.

Spoons of standard sizes, which are so familiar to us, have not been long in general use. The teaspoon, for example, is of comparatively recent introduction, for tea itself seems not to have been imported into Europe until the seventeenth century. Saltspoons and after-dinner coffee spoons also are modern inventions.

Nothing gives a woman's religion such a jolt as the suggestion that she got the husband heaven really intended for her.

Crop and Trade Conditions  
Throughout the DominionComplete Reports Submitted on Conditions in the Various Provinces  
of the Dominion at Annual Meeting of the Bank of Montreal  
Will Be of Special Interest to Mercantile and Farming Communities.

At the annual meeting of the Bank of Montreal complete reports were submitted by the Superintendents of the Bank, dealing with trade and farming conditions in the various provinces of the Dominion. These reports cover the particular operations carried out in the various sections of the country, and on this account become of very special interest to the mercantile and farming communities desirous of keeping in touch with the important developments that are occurring throughout Canada. We quote from the different reports as follows:—

## Prairie Provinces

During part of the past season extensive areas in Saskatchewan and Alberta experienced, in common with the Northwestern States, severe drought and loss of crops, but owing to good yields in other areas and to high prices, the value of grains raised exceeded that of the year 1915, when the largest crops in the history of the West was produced.

Failure of pasture and hay in certain districts caused anxiety to ranchers, and while autumn rains brought relief, the scarcity and high price of feed for winter use forced the sale of some unfinished cattle at prices adversely affected by worse conditions in the United States. The high value of wool has encouraged sheep ranchers to pay prevailing prices for winter feed and carry over flocks. Heavy and profitable yields from irrigated lands are giving a new impetus to irrigation which already stabilizes the livestock industry in Southern Alberta.

Coal, a most important natural asset of Alberta and Saskatchewan, especially of the former, has not been produced in quantity equal to demand, strikes and labor shortage having reduced the output.

Some progress has been made in carrying out an extensive plan to develop new power at the Winnipeg River, Manitoba.

There are many evidences of increase in the population. Immigration desirable in character, although not yet large, shows a substantial increase over last year (1918), while the figures are small compared to pre-war years.

Trade, wholesale and retail, has been good. Manufacturers have operated their plants to capacity or limit of labor, and have found a ready market.

The past season witnessed fresh activity in constructing branch railway lines, although all plans could not be carried out owing to shortage of labor.

The West on the whole has had a prosperous year, conditions being the districts in which crops were lost through drought.

The two visits of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales were the happiest and most important events in many years.

Wholesale trade has been good and retail trade active.

Municipal outlays have been restricted to ordinary expenditures. The Dominion Government have in contemplation a considerable expenditure for extension and improvements to Vancouver harbor.

The population has increased, and further immigration is expected during the coming year.

Conditions throughout the province on the whole are better than they have been for some years, and prospects appear good for continued business activity into the new year.

## Attractive Winter Tours

During the summer months it is impossible for many Western Canadians to take a vacation. However, with the advent of winter, and harvest over, many are planning a trip for a few weeks, or possibly to spend the winter in a warmer clime. Some will go East to visit the old folks and spend Christmas at home, others may desire to visit the Pacific Coast, where outdoor sports can be enjoyed the year round, amid low lying hills, silver and blue sea, and lofty snow-crowned mountains, where flowers and shrubs, rare elsewhere in America, thrive. This trip can easily be extended to California, and a choice of a sea voyage, or train journey via the wonderful Shasta Route, is offered. This, combined with the 500 miles of scenic beauty through the Canadian Rockies, is unequalled anywhere in the world.

At San Francisco and Los Angeles Canadian Pacific Offices are maintained where visitors will be made welcome, and given assistance in securing rooms, cottages or hotel accommodation.

The Canadian Pacific Railway maintain an unequalled service to Eastern and Pacific Coast points, operating two solid through trains each way daily.

Florida also attracts a great many Canadians each winter, with its hundreds of ideal winter resorts. The abundant and delightful outdoor life of the Southern winter is the chief charm, and no attractive feature has been overlooked. Golf may be played upon dozens of the finest courses in the country, riding, driving, yachting, boating and bathing are some sports available almost everywhere.

Call or write today to any Agent of the Canadian Pacific and he will be pleased to give you full information, and plan your trip.

## Airmen Hear Plainly

Gliding with engine switched off the shout of a man can be heard distinctly at the height of 1,600 feet, the sharp note of a mole cricket at 2,500 feet, and the croakings of frogs in a morass at 3,000 feet. At 3,225 feet a man's voice and the rolling of a cart can be distinguished; at 4,550 feet the roll of a drum, and the music of an orchestra; at 5,000, the crowing of a cock, the sound of a church bell and sometimes the shouting of men and women; at nine hundred feet higher still, the report of a musket and the barking of a dog. The noise of a railway train penetrates to a height of 8,200 feet, and the whistle of a locomotive engine to nearly 10,000 feet.

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or protruding piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. Do a box; all dealers, or Edouard, Baker & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose the stamp to pay postage.

British Army to  
Consist of 400,000 Men

Force, However, Will Be Reduced  
at a Later Date

The British army estimates, 1919-1920, provide for the estimated expenditure of £405,000,000. These figures foreshadow an army strength at the end of the fiscal year, March 31, 1920, of 300,000 British troops and 100,000 Indian troops.

These forces, however, will be reduced later.

When estimates were made in March, 1919, an army of 300,000 men was provided for, of which 1,548,000 were in process of demobilization and since have been released.

Sinn Fein Munitions Found

During a search by the Belfast police for some stolen property, between 30 and 40 sticks of gelignite and 60 pounds of service ammunition were found under a bundle of rags. The house where this discovery was made is only a short distance from the house in Grattan street used as a Sinn Fein arsenal, which was blown up a few months ago, and where nearly 100 bombs in course of manufacture were found.

According to Red Tape

In giving vent to his feelings on his discharge, an old soldier wrote to his late colonel: "Sir,—After what I have suffered, you can tell the army to go to hell."

In due course he received the following: "Sir,—Any suggestions or inquiries as to movement of troops must be entered on Army Form 123 XYZ, a copy of which I enclose."

Some women are unable to play on any instrument except the car drum.

A woman never reads the preface until after she has read the story.

## PILES

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or protruding piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. Do a box; all dealers, or Edouard, Baker & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose the stamp to pay postage.</



You want him good and healthy. You want him big and strong. Then give him a pure wool jersey. Made by his friend, Bob Long. Let him romp with all his vigor. He's the best boy in the land. And he'll always be bright and smiling. If he wears a Bob Long Brand.



**Bob Long**  
BOYS' PURE WOOL  
WORSTED JERSEYS  
Known from "Coast to Coast."

FOR HARD WEAR, COMFORT  
AND SMART APPEARANCE  
R. G. LONG & CO. LIMITED  
TORONTO • CANADA

144 Look for the Label

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.  
**THERAPION No. 1**  
**THERAPION No. 2**  
**THERAPION No. 3**

No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Weaknesses. Sold by all druggists. Price 10¢ per bottle. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Walker.)

**Cook's Cotton Root Compound**



A safe, reliable, regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength. No. 1, \$1.10; No. 2, \$1.00; No. 3, \$0.95 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Walker.)

#### Restoration of Famous Churches Is Opposed

The Belgian congress of architects passed a resolution declaring against restoration of the Cloth Hall and Cathedral at Ypres. One delegate objected, saying that if the British wished to reconstruct the Cloth Hall and make it a museum to their national glory they should be permitted to do so.

#### \$100 Reward, \$100

Cataract is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. \$100.00 for any case of CATARRH that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. W. L. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

#### Fine Record of Dominion

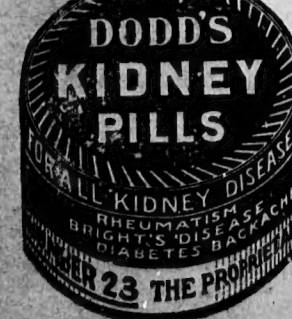
#### Canada Has Secured Moral Leadership of the Continent

Canada has secured the moral leadership of the American continent by the part she has taken in world events during the past five years," said Hon. N. W. Rowell, president of the privy council and chief representative of the government at the recent labor congress at Washington, in speaking to the Canadian club, Toronto, on the effects and results of the conference. Mr. Rowell urged Canada to let her actions in the future be worthy of her record in the past.

In discussing the work of the conference, Mr. Rowell said that the far-reaching importance of the labor clauses of the peace treaty, which ended the world war, had been lost sight of in the light of the international clauses. So much thought and attention had been centred on the league of nations that the character and functions of the international labor organization had not as yet been fully appreciated.

Mr. Rowell emphasized the eight-hour day, 44-hour week convention as of special importance, and dwelt on the prime necessity of co-operation between labor and capital.

**DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS**



ALL KIDNEY DISEASES  
RHEUMATISM  
BRIGHT'S DISEASE  
DIABETES  
BACKACHE

23 THE PRO

#### London-Paris Air Mails Arranged

#### Parcels and Insured Correspondence Will Not Be Accepted

The Postmaster-General has made arrangements for the establishment of an air mail service between London and Paris. The service will extend to France generally, Italy, Spain and Switzerland. Registered and unregistered letters, postcards, packets of printed papers and commercial papers and samples will be accepted for transmission. Parcels and insured correspondence will not be accepted. A special fee of 2s. 6d. per ounce will be charged in addition to the ordinary foreign postage and registration fee, where payable.

The correspondence will be conveyed to Paris by aeroplane, arriving in normal conditions in time for delivery in Paris in business hours the same day. Correspondence addressed to Paris will thus be accelerated by about 16 hours. Correspondence for places beyond Paris will be forwarded by the next available train. Correspondence for places in France will be delivered by express on arrival at the office of destination; correspondence for countries beyond France will normally be accelerated by 24 hours.

In the inward direction correspondence posted in Paris in the morning will normally reach London in time for delivery in Central London during business hours on the same day. It will be delivered immediately on arrival by express messenger without additional charge. Correspondence for provincial towns will be forwarded by the next dispatch from London, and will usually gain 24 hours in delivery.

Minard's Liniment Cures Gargot in Cows.

#### The Travelers' Palm

#### Wholesome Water Obtained From Trees in Madagascar

All the early explorers in Madagascar spoke with enthusiasm of one tree in particular which was common and of such strange appearance that it formed quite a feature of many parts of the island. This afterward became well known as the Travelers' Palm, though it is not a real palm at all. The leaves are spread out at the top of the trunk like a huge open fan. They are bright green shining leaves, and usually twelve feet long and the fan being held aloft on a leafless stem some 50 feet high forms a striking object. But the use which has given the tree its name lies in the quantity of pure water which is held in the large sheath at the base of the leaf-stalk. This can be tapped from beneath and a draft of wholesome water obtained at will. It is thus a boon to travellers wherever it grows and thus earns its name.

#### Newsprint Production

The daily production of newspaper in Canada is 2,775 tons, or a total of 800,000 per year. Expansions now under way will increase the output by an average of 300 tons per day, or 90,000 tons per year. It is expected that in January, 1920, Canada will be producing well over 900,000 tons.

#### Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Stops Irritation; Soothes and Heals. You can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60c.

#### Caddish Caddy

Green Goller: "Does it make any difference which club you use?" Caddy: "Not to me it don't." Boston Transcript.

#### Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for the full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 30c.

#### Saskatchewan to Manufacture Briquettes

Manufacture of Briquettes From Lignite Will Be Commenced Next Year

It has just been announced by one of the officials of the Lignite Board that the manufacture of briquettes from lignite will be commenced next year at Estevan, in Saskatchewan. The plant will be constructed by the Dominion, Manitoba and Saskatchewan governments, the federal department of mines having worked out the details. The necessary machinery has been ordered for a plant with the capacity of 30,000 tons of briquettes per year. The briquettes, it is stated, will be equal to anthracite coal as a fuel, and it is expected will command a ready market in Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

W. N. U. 1295

#### Dairy Production in Province of Alberta

#### Third Among the Provinces of the Creamery Butter Manufactured

During 1918 Alberta stood third among the provinces of the Dominion in the amount of creamery butter manufactured and marketed. Only Ontario and Quebec provinces surpassed us in this activity. Manitoba, a much older settled province than our own, followed, coming quite close to Alberta's record.

For a baby western province to have achieved this enviable record in so short a time is cause for congratulation. One special reason for the fine showing we are making lies in the fact that, climatically, we are specially favored for this particular business. There is no province in the whole Dominion where natural dairying advantages are so numerous, or where the business offers such splendid rewards for minimum effort of an intelligent sort.

For what we have already achieved credit is to a considerable extent due to the provincial department of agriculture, which has given real aid to the creamery business, and is still continuing that aid. Last year we obtained more than four millions for our creamery butter product. With a continuance of intelligent dairying and the accessions to the ranks of our dairymen that we have right to expect, it should not be long before this income is doubled and trebled.

There is practically no limit to the possibilities of the business in Alberta, when the export trade is taken into account.

And with our butter record so high there is no good reason why we should not stand close to the leaders in cheese production, which is another dairying industry immensely profitable. We have some cheese factories in this province, and their product is as good in quality as anything produced in Ontario or Quebec, which two provinces manufacture 97 per cent of the Canadian factory-made output. Alberta should go after this trade. She can get it if she sets out to do it, just as she is getting a butter-making reputation. — Alberta Farmer.

#### Alberta Cattle Again Successful

#### Rancher Has Created a New Record For Western Canada

Capturing the first prize in the international stock show at Chicago, also junior championship and reserve grand championship with his heifer "Lavender 47th," Chas. G. Beeching, a well-known rancher of De Winton, Alberta, has created a new record for Western Canada. These prizes were won in open competition with more than five hundred and fifty exhibitors; the shorthorn showing being especially strong.

Mr. Beeching purchased the heifer some weeks ago at the Brandon Stock Show, from a prominent Manitoba breeder. Immediately after the purchase, the price of which was \$5,000, he was offered a big sum for the animal from a prominent American breeder, but refused to sell, saying he was determined to bring the big International Stock Show prize to Alberta with the heifer. Mr. Beeching succeeded in his ambition. He states that he does not wish to sell this valuable animal as he is building up a splendid shorthorn herd at his ranch at De Winton. Hon. Duncan Marshall, of Olds, Alberta, was also a big winner in the stock show at Chicago. Mr. Marshall headed a list of 67 entries with his Matchless Dale in the junior calf class. Mr. Marshall's win was particularly significant in that it brought Alberta bred shorthorns into the big money at Chicago for the first time.

#### Many Men Needed in Bush

Tie and timber contractors say there is a large shortage of bushmen this winter. They can use one thousand men in camps near Fort William, if available at once. Weather conditions are ideal for bush work this year. Huge contracts for logs and timber cannot be filled if men are not available. Wages average, for bushmen, \$125 a month, with \$1 a day deduction for board.

Ellery J. Gardner of the Height of Land, Canada, N.H., has just completed a violin, with everything in it of his own manufacture. A few years ago Mr. Gardner made the smallest perfect jack-knife in the world, the whole thing, wide open, measuring less than three-eighths of an inch in length.

#### B.C. Apples for Australia

The first of the season's shipments of apples to Australia, a consignment of 14,000 boxes from Okanagan, left Vancouver recently on the Niagara. Large shipments are to follow this initial consignment.

#### When You Know

you have a heart, it is time to watch your stomach. Palpitation and other signs of "heart trouble" usually mean — indigestion, produced by food poisons that irritate every part of the body — heart included.

**BEECHAM'S PILLS**

Relieve and Benefit

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere in Canada. In boxes, 25c, 50c.

#### Big Problem Solved

#### Decided to Internationalize Constantinople at London Conference

Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau, in their recent conferences, took up the delicate problems connected with Turkey and decided to internationalize Constantinople, according to the London Post.

This, says the Post, may serve as an inducement to the United States to join the entente in administering the region she refused to take on single-handed.

#### A MOTHER'S TRIALS

#### Care of Home and Children Often Causes Breakdown

The woman at home, deep in household duties and the cares of motherhood, needs occasional help to keep her in good health. The demands upon a mother's health are many and severe. Her own health trials and her children's welfare exact heavy tolls, while hurried meals, broken rest and much indoor living tend to weaken her constitution. No wonder that the woman at home is often indisposed through headaches, backaches and nervousness. Too many women have grown to accept these visitations as a part of the lot of motherhood. But many varied as her health troubles are, the cause is simple and the cure at hand. When well, it is the woman's good blood that keeps her well; when ill she must make her blood rich to renew her health. The nursing mother more than any other woman in the world needs rich blood, and plenty of it. There is one always unfailing way to get this good blood so necessary to perfect health, and that is through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills make new blood abundantly, and through their use thousands of weak, ailing wives and mothers have been made bright, cheerful and strong. If you are ailing, easily tired, or depressed, it is a duty you owe yourself and your family to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial. What this medicine has done for others it will surely do for you.

#### Feeding Value of Sugar Beets

One ton of sugar beets carries 280 lbs. of digestible nutrients, as compared with 354 lbs. for corn silage or 344 lbs. for wet brewers' grains. Figuring corn silage at \$10 a ton, 110 lbs. of digestible nutrients would cost \$2.82. Figuring sugar beets at \$8 a ton, 100 lbs. of digestible nutrients would cost \$2.86, as compared with \$2.69 for 100 lbs. of digestible nutrients in wet brewers' grains rated at \$9 a ton. It must be admitted, however, that sugar beets are even more palatable than silage inasmuch as they contain only natural rather than fermented juices. It would seem, therefore, appropriate to suggest that if silage is worth from \$8 to \$10 a ton in the silo, sugar beets should be worth from \$6 to \$8 a ton in the pit.

#### DARTING, PIERCING SCIATIC PAINS

Give way before the penetrating effects of Sloan's Liniment

So do those rheumatic twinges and the loia-aches of lumbago, the nerve-inflammation of neuritis, the wry neck, the joint wrench, the ligament sprain, the muscle strain, and the throbbing bruise.

The ease of applying, the quickness of relief, the positive results, the cleanliness, and the economy of Sloan's Liniment make it universally preferred. 35c, 70c, \$1.40.—Made in Canada.

**Sloan's Liniment**  
Keep it handy

#### Price of Lasting Peace Explained

#### Putting Away of All Selfish Means of Aggrandizement

John W. Davis, the United States Ambassador, addressing a dinner at the American Society in London, said that it remained now for all and for America to see that nothing was left undone that should mar the completeness of the allies' victory.

Personally he did not believe that America was to be detached by any self-seeking from the support of the new order in the world. The price of lasting peace was nothing less than the putting away of all selfish means of aggrandizement, and the stamping out of all suspicions that had poisoned international life.

If nations dream dreams of conquest, he said, if boundaries are still to be fixed at the will of the stronger neighbor, if territory is still to be held only by those who have power to take it and keep it, then the lessons of the war have fallen on deaf ears and they will be taught again by a louder cannon.

There is nothing that makes more for human happiness than the simple fact that someone needs us, that some task is holding us fast. We may ignorantly think of it as a burden, but it is our great blessing.

When a mother detects from the writhings and fretting of a child that worms are troubling it she can procure no better remedy than Miller's Worm Powders, which are guaranteed to totally expel worms from the system. They may cause vomiting, but this need cause no anxiety, because it is but a manifestation of their thorough work. No worms can long exist where these powders are used.

#### In the Chinook Belt

#### Great Future Predicted for Southern Alberta's Livestock Industry

When Southern Alberta secures irrigation for all the areas for which it is now being considered it will be the greatest livestock section of North America, is the opinion of Mr. J. Woolf, one of the old-time ranchers of the Canadian West, who has just returned to this province from the irrigated districts of Utah and Salt Lake City.

"There is not a part of North America where cattle can be handled with so little shelter in winter as in the chinook belt. They can still be fattened in the open. I know, for I have done it in winter on my own ranch near Cardston. Now, when irrigation is secured, and there are thousands of tons of alfalfa where there are now hundreds, and when silos spring up on every farm, the open ranges along the foothills will supply thousands of cattle annually, which will be bought by the irrigation farmers for winter feeding. Southern Alberta irrigated farms will also be the feeding grounds for cattle raised on the farms of Saskatchewan and Manitoba. The outlook for the cattle industry in this part of the West is one of the greatest chances of the farmers, and they will be wise if they keep it in mind.

One cube of clear galena, weighing 98 pounds, has been quarried at Edgewood, B.C.

#### Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

#### Eight-Hour Day For Farm

#### Would Mean That the Price of Farm Products Would Soar Sky-High

"Can an eight-hour day be made universal?" was a question propounded at the 45th annual meeting of the Dominion Grange, Toronto, by J. C. Dixon of Warfield, master of the Grange. Mr. Dixon answered his question in the affirmative with reference to the farm, but said it would mean people would have to pay 30 cents a quart for milk, \$2 a peck for potatoes, \$5 a bushel for wheat, and \$1 a pound for butter.

"Yes, an eight-hour day on the farm can be made perfectly practicable," he said, "and entirely workable the moment every other economic structure of this country is adjusted to the point that farm produce, like other products, shall be paid for on the basis of cost of producing, plus a profit. When that time comes, it does not matter what the cost of production may be, even how many hours constitute a day's labor on the farm. Even two shifts of farm labor may be employed, provided the farmer may charge that labor into the cost of production in what he sells."

#### The Scientific Mind

"This is a sixteen-year-old Royal Princess. The mummy has been preserved for two thousand years." "Does that include the sixteen years she lived?"

Canada is nearly as large in area as the whole of Europe.

#### Drury Declines to Depend on Patronage

#### Aim is to Give Honest and Efficient Government to the People of Ontario

Premier E. C. Drury, addressing the Canadian Club at Toronto recently, was given a very cordial reception; about 1,000 club members being present. The premier made it plain that he was not going to depend on patronage or on servile party allegiance to retain power.

"I do not care whether my government is in power four years or fourteen," the premier said. "I will never resort to patronage to retain office, nor will I countenance anything that might lengthen the life of the government, if it has to be done at the expense of the people."

The premier said his great aim was to give honest, efficient, straightforward government, "and if the people are not satisfied with my policies and my administration," he added, "I hope they will dismiss me and I will return to my farm at Crown Hill. "Caucus government will be a thing of the past," he declared, "because the U.F.O. members are not servile, but men who will think for themselves and will not be whipped into line. He thought the labor men also would be independent, which would be a good thing for the province."

The premier did not see why members of the legislature should be divided into opposition and government.

"We are going to be faced with a little difficulty or at least the speaker will have some trouble in deciding who is to be the leader of His Majesty's loyal opposition," he said, and the remark was greeted with laughter.

The premier announced that one of the big things which concerned him at present was the educational policy of the provinces.

Honest, progressive legislation was the object of the new government, he continued, "but nothing of a revolutionary nature would be required. "We have good laws, but the trouble is they have not been enforced in the past," he added.

#### Dread of Asthma makes countless thousands miserable

Night after night the attacks return and even when brief respite is given the mind is still in torment from continual anticipation. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy changes all this. Relief comes, and at once, while future attacks are warded off, leaving the afflicted one in a state of peace and happiness he once believed he could never enjoy. Inexpensive and sold almost everywhere.

#### Prize Money for Sub Crew

The Privy Council awarded \$150,000 prize money to the crew of the British submarine E-14 for sinking a Turkish transport four years ago in the Sea of Marmara. This constitutes a record prize and figures about \$5,000 for each member of the crew. The size of the award is due to the fact that it is customary to award prize money at a rate of \$25 for each person. The Turkish transport was carrying 6,000 troops at the time it was torpedoed.

#### Sure Clues

The man who called to see you yesterday wore a cutaway coat and a stovepipe hat. "He must have been the plumber."



#### Old Age Deferred

BY DR. LEE H. SMITH.

Business men who must speed up the works and make business boom during these days—after the war—must recognize the necessity of keeping fit. When mind is befogged, when you have dull headaches or feel logy, when not "up to snuff," keep the bowels free with a mild laxative. In the morning take a tepid sponge bath (cold water may be used if it does not chill), follow with a brisk rub down; a sufficient "setting up" exercise in good air until you are in a warm glow. Have you tried it lately?

Don't let the poisons accumulate in the intestines either, but try a dose of castor oil the first thing on arising, or a pleasant laxative occasionally, such as one made up of May-apple, aloin and jalap, rolled into a tiny sugar-coated pill, and sold in every drug store as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Then a cup of hot water before breakfast, and you'll feel better than a king! If you continue in life thus, you can pass a Life Insurance examination at sixty.

If you wish to prevent old age coming on too soon, or if you want to increase your chances for a long life, you should drink plenty of soft (rain) or distilled water daily between meals. Then procure at the drug store Dr. Pierce's Anurio (anti-uric-acid). This "Anurio" drives the uric acid out and relieves backache and rheumatism, as well as kidney trouble. Anurio dissolves uric acid as hot tea dissolves sugar.

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#### MONEY ORDERS

When ordering goods by mail, send a Dominion Express Money Order.

#### Decrease in Acreage Of Winter Wheat

#### First Estimates of U.S. Department of Agriculture Are Made

A decided decrease in the acreage planted for winter wheat this fall is shown in first estimates by the U.S. department of agriculture. The total of 38,770,000 acres is 11,719,000 less than the record acreage in 1918. It is, however, the fourth largest crop ever planted.

Conditions of the crop on December 1 were 85.2 per cent. of normal, or four points lower than the ten-year average, and 13 points below that of last year.

Acreage planted to rye also showed a marked decrease, the area being 5,530,000 acres, or 1,702,000 acres less than that of a year ago.

Many a self-possessed girl would like to transfer her possession to some man.

#### A Prime Dressing For Wounds.

In some factories and workshops carbolic acid is kept for use in cauterizing wounds and cuts sustained by the workmen. Far better to keep on hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It is just as quick in action and does not scar the skin or burn the flesh. There is no other Oil that has its curative qualities.

#### B.C.'s Salmon Pack

The total salmon pack of the Fraser River this year was 158,718 cases, according to a statement of the pack for British Columbia just issued by Mr. W. D. Burdis, secretary of the Salmon Canniers' Association.

The Fraser River pack was composed of the following varieties of salmon: Sockeye, red springs, pink springs, white springs, blue backs, steelheads, cohoes, pinks and chums. The total British Columbia pack was 1,393,156.



## Now More Than 380 Branches in Canada

Constantly enlarging our sphere of influence that we may extend to you—our customers—the fullest possible banking accommodation, we have made notable additions to our branch bank system in Canada during this year. We have 380 branches and continue to grow. We aim to be the Biggest Bank in Canada from the standpoint of Character and Service.

## UNION BANK OF CANADA

RESOURCES, \$153,000,000

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Machinery wait-  
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A SAFE PLACE TO TRADE

Storm sash and storm doors  
Will save the price for themselves in one  
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C. B. Hyndman  
AGENT,

GLEICHEN, Phone 11 and 36

## "Auction of Souls"

Two shows Xmas Day.

(Continued from page 1)

the leading role, is not a motion picture actress, but was induced to act for the films just what she personally passed through in Armenia in 1915.

Miss Mardiganian's inexperience before the camera is not apparent in the picture for she holds up her own end as well as any of the regular actors. Perhaps her art is that born of the vivid memory of the horrible scenes through which she passed before escaping from her native land to come to America for further relief.

She is the daughter of a former prosperous banker at Harpout, and was thirteen years old when the war broke out. Being a beautiful girl she attracted a Turkish official who wished to make her his wife, imposing upon her his own religion and the lowly state of Turkish women.

Her father refused to give her up. When the massacres of the Armenians started, carried on by the Turks under a secret agreement with the Germans, the Mohammedans made further efforts to get possession of the girl. After seeing her father, mother, two brothers and three sisters brutally slain, she entered upon a series of adventures which prove that life may be more exciting than the wildest dream of the fictionist.

She goes through an untold succession of horrible scenes, escapes from the Turks, is captured by the wild Kurds of the desert, sold as a slave, put in a harem, takes refuge with monks, and at last is saved by the British who sent her to America where she has talked and written of and finally acted out her experiences.

In "Auction of Souls," which is the story of her harrowing years in Armenia, every detail of the story follows the actual experiences of Miss Mardiganian, and the report to the United States, of Viscount James Bryce, former English Ambassador to the United States, who directed the investigation of the Armenian atrocities.

## The Government Must Retrench

One of Canada's leading banking institutions says a member of the Dominion Government recently stated in Parliament that, for the present fiscal year and the next, the commitments on capital account are already \$700,000,000. For the present fiscal year the ordinary current expenditure will be \$270,000,000, including \$102,000,000 for interest, \$25,000,000 for soldiers' pensions, \$30,000,000 for soldiers' civil re-establishment, and \$112,300,000 for the public services of the country. The additional amount, therefore, which it will be necessary to raise by new taxation, if our revenue is to meet current expenditure, will be \$143,000,000. Besides this, the capital expenditure already entered upon will involve an additional interest charge of \$38,500,000, while for the fiscal year prior to the war, out of a total current expenditure of \$127,000,000, only \$18,000,000 was expended for interest. The annual revenue that will have to be found from taxation and other sources is thus \$307,000,000, or almost three times the ordinary pre-war revenue.

It is evident that the expenditures to which the country is already committed are very large and entail a heavy burden upon the tax-payers. The credit of a government has its limits just the same as the credit of a private individual, and the Dominion Government should be extremely careful that no expenditures are undertaken which will tend to weaken its present high standing. "The problem in this country during the next few years," said one of the Dominion ministers lately, "is going to be retrenchment wherever it is possible to retrench. There must be retrenchment." If there is to be retrenchment, there must be an end to the creation of Government credits, which have had the effect of raising wages abnormally, resulting in still further increases in prices. The exigencies of war made it necessary to incur many obligations regardless of their cost, and the country is now face to face with the duty of retiring the credits which were thus rendered necessary out of the proceeds of industry and by the exercise of frugality.

### COMING EVENTS

Dec. 25, Xmas.—"Auction of Souls" at Opera House.

Dec. 26—Arrowood Consolidated School opening entertainment.

Dec. 31—Citizen's Band dance in Opera House.

## NOTICE

All persons are hereby warned against buying any grain, hay or other produce, cattle, horses, wagons, harness, saddles, mowers or rakes from any Indian of the Black-foot reserve without an officially printed permit issued by the Indian Agent.

Also not to take in pledge or make any loan upon any article to any Indian under penalty of having any such articles seized and being prosecuted for illegal pawning.

J. H. GOODERMAN  
Indian Agent

## F. A. McHUGH & SONS BLIND CREEK, ALTA

Owners of horses branded H2 left thigh, 2H left thigh, 2 left thigh and 7 left shoulder. Cattle branded H2 left ribs or left hip or both left ribs and left hip. 101 left hip — left ribs.

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SOLE AGENTS FOR  
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Irrigation makes possible the successful culture of alfalfa, the king of fodders, which insures good returns in dairying and mixed farming.

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Irrigation in the Canadian Pacific Railway Irrigation Block is no longer an experiment, the years that it has been tried having absolutely demonstrated its success wherever intelligently applied.

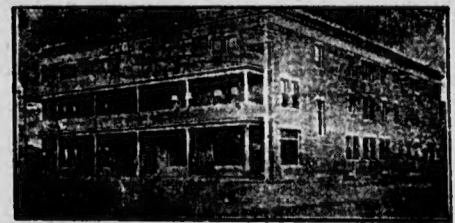
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Canadian Pacific Railway, Dept. of Natural Resources, 928 1st St. E.  
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You can buy irrigated land from the Canadian Pacific Railway at prices up to \$50 per acre, with 20 years to pay and the privilege of a loan of \$2,000 for improvements (6% interest); no principle after first payment until end of fourth year, reduced interest if settlement conditions are complied and no water rental for first year. Contract can be paid off before maturity if desired.

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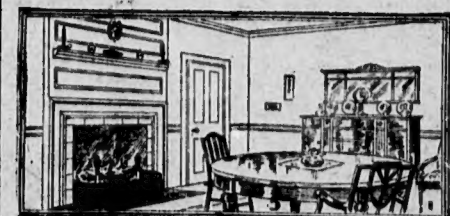
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GLEICHEN, ALTA.

## T. H. Beach Auctioneer

Sales Conducted any  
place in the Province

For terms enquire at Gleichen Harness  
store. Office phone 3, residence phone 2

Monday—Ad. changes required  
by noon at CALL office.

## Women's Institute Appeals for Help

A thoroughly organized plan has  
been launched by the Executive of the  
Alberta Women's Institutes to carry  
on relief work for the drought stricken  
areas of Southern Alberta. Calgary  
will be the headquarters and in that  
city there has been opened up "The  
Alberta Women's Institute Relief De-  
pot." From this centre clothing will  
be dispensed on application.

An appeal for help has been sent out  
to the various Institutes and to resi-  
dents in the cities and these have been  
responding nobly but it is necessary  
owing to the early cold snap that the  
work be carried on at full speed. Im-  
mediately. The Gleichen Women's  
Institute will be glad therefore, to re-  
ceive from any individuals, societies  
or communities any clothing, bedding,  
household linen, money, etc. that can  
be spared. All money donations should  
be sent to Mrs. G. H. Farquharson,  
Secretary Gleichen Women's Institute.  
The clothing from this centre will be  
sorted and repacked and sent on to  
districts who have sent in for relief.  
The money will be spent on shoes, un-  
dergarments, bedding, etc.

Although the response so far is  
splendid much more is needed and  
needed at once. Children cannot go  
to school because of lack of clothing  
and there is much suffering. This is a  
real chance to do some "Home Mis-  
sionary" work and everyone is urged  
to act at once. A full account of dona-  
tions received will be published in the  
press.

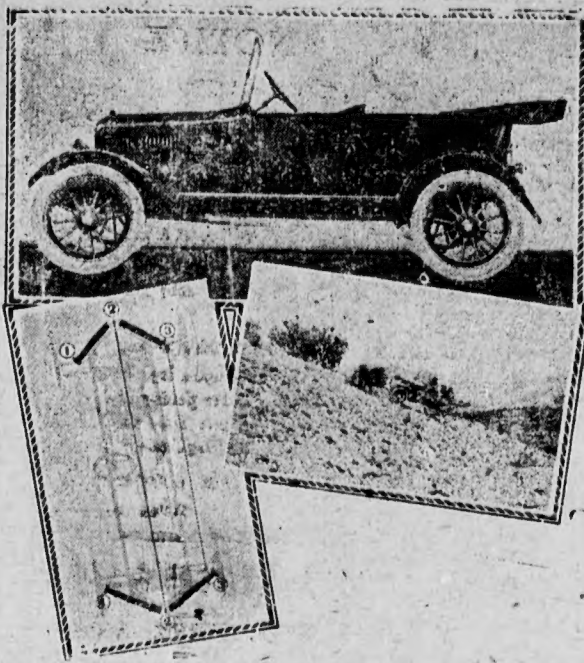
## Discusses Coal Situation

A letter appeared in a recent issue  
of the Calgary Daily Herald which  
gives food for thought on the coal  
situation. There is nothing like  
keeping out situation before the pub-  
lic, and if more will follow the  
writer's example and write other  
papers it may mean no small assist-  
ance in obtaining a coal mine for the  
town of Gleichen. The letter fol-  
lows:

The prominence you have given the  
vital question of coal in your recent  
issues is interesting reading, espe-  
cially in view of the famine of fuel in  
many parts of our west recently, and  
also when we remember that there  
are vast stretches of coal-producing  
properties which have not yet been  
touched, and that these are right at  
our door. Just let us mention two of  
these, they illustrate our point. On  
the Blackfoot reservation, lying

within a stone throw of the hustling  
town of Bassano there is a very  
valuable coal property, the surface of  
which has only been tickled by the  
local Indians and which the Indians  
claim contains enough coal to supply  
the whole province; coal of the very  
highest quality. This mine has been  
operated by the Indians in an Indian  
fashion, just as they choose to work  
it, and the question has a thousand  
times been asked why does not the  
government make some arrangement  
to lease this property and have it  
opened up in some manner. The coal  
could be hauled to Bassano and loaded  
on cars, all of which could be done  
by the Indians, and during the long  
winter months when they have nothing  
to do but smoke, they could be making  
big money for themselves and also  
helping to supply the demand for fuel.  
True, this manner of loading would not  
be very swift, but it would be fast enough  
to keep these people and their teams  
employed all winter, and be a good revenue  
producer to the party operating the  
mine. A short time ago the Indians  
started to dig on the opposite side of  
the hill and struck a vein 15 ft.  
wide, which runs (they don't know  
how far) into the hills, which proves,  
as they claim, that the quantity is  
unlimited, and the vast stores of same  
can be dug right out of the hills with-  
out any expensive mining machinery.  
Two cars, at least, could be loaded at  
Bassano in one day, as these Indians  
have the teams to do it, and here is  
an opportunity to give these people  
heaps of work during the hard months  
of the year. The same thing applies  
to the mine on the south bank of the  
river opposite Cluny. The output of  
this property could be hauled over  
the children from 4 schools will take  
near the mine, or, when the ice is  
strong enough, can be hauled directly  
over the river and into the town of  
Cluny. The Clark mine, on private  
property, lying directly between these  
two points, has recently been leased  
and is to be opened up in a business-  
like manner.

Take the town of Gleichen, which  
recently has not had a bushel of coal  
to sell, and been besieged with farm-  
ers from all points, who had come to  
town for coal and gone home with  
empty wagons, yet its streets have  
been lined every day with loafing  
Indians who should have been busy  
hauling coal into town, as they used  
to do a few years ago, and being  
wards of the government they should  
be commanded, in cases of emergency  
to get to work and help out the coal  
shortage. The town of Gleichen is  
some distance from this Cluny mine,  
is true, but one hundred Indian  
teams could easily be secured any  
day, and make the round trip in



Above is shown the new made-in-Canada Over-  
land 4. It is being manufactured at Toronto by Willys-  
Overland Limited, who announce that production on a  
quantity basis has now been reached. Bates & Gib-  
son are the Gleichen dealers.

a day, bringing in many tons of this  
valuable stuff, for which the white  
man is prepared to pay any price  
rather than freeze to death. The  
Blackfoot Indian is able to tackle  
this matter under a capable manager.  
He is industrious, and if he un-  
derstood the need, would rise to the oc-  
casion, which would be a boon to him  
and a blessing to the country.  
There is a laxity somewhere, and  
this matter is worth investigating.  
Yours respectfully,  
GLEICHEN.

## HARDWICK BROS

Range, Snake Valley

Owners of all cattle branded:  
I left ribs and hip I left ribs and hip I right rib  
I right hip

P. O. Box 262, GLEICHEN

## MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—Four-roomed house  
with a large pantry and good base-  
ment. Apply to P. Kelly, Box 200,  
Gleichen. 40

FOR SALE—Single comb Road  
Island Red cockerels. Prize winning  
stock. \$3 each. Apply to W. San-  
gsters. 41

FOR SALE—No. 1 Feed Oats at  
Pioneer Grain Co. Phone 119. 40

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred white  
Wyndote cockerels. Apply to Mrs.  
W. H. James. 35tf

FOR SALE—One Acre east of  
town, with two Shacks. One two-  
roomed 14x24 and one 10x14. Also  
chicken house. All go for \$450. Geo.  
Moss, Sr., Town. 40

\$10.00 REWARD for information of  
three large steers brand on left ribs  
JH Write Box 61, Cluny. 48

FOR SALE—4 room cottage, stable  
coal shed and good well, also lots 80  
and 81 in block D. Jos. Desjardine. tf

FOR SALE—Fresh milk cow, apply  
to Jos. Desjardine, box 188 Gleichen. tf

ESTRAY—On the premises of Roy  
Edwards, Cluny, black steer 1 year  
old, branded on left ribs T1 on a-  
bove premises about a year. 40

## Mail Contract

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the  
Postmaster General, will be received  
at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the  
9th January, 1920, for the conveyance  
of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed  
contract for four years, twice per  
week on the route between Cluny  
Station and Ouelletteville, from the  
Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further  
information as to conditions of pro-  
posed contract may be seen and blank  
forms of tender may be obtained at  
the post offices of Cluny Station and  
Ouelletteville and at the office of the  
Post Office Inspector:  
Post Office Inspector's Office, Calgary,  
28th Nov., 1919.

D. A. BRUCK, 40  
Post Office Inspector.

## TAKE NOTICE

Stray to G. H. Walters, Section  
10-23-31, w. of 4, Ouelletteville, Alta.  
Roan Cow, right ear cropped, left  
ear undercut, branded monogram  
2X RH, J-K, RR 7-1-RR, with  
roan calf heifer, left ear cropped, no  
visible brand.  
Red and white cow, with white  
face, branded J-K RR, 7-1-RR,  
with red heifer calf, left ear cropped,  
no visible brand.  
Red yearling heifer, Y O, RR  
branded

DUNCAN CLARK,  
Brand Reader, Cluny, Alta. 39

\$10 REWARD—Is offered for the  
recovery of cattle branded with DH  
on left ribs and horses branded G  
on left thigh. Mrs. J. H. Chandlee,  
Nanton, Alta. tf

Now is the time to roundup all  
those stray animals. An ad. in  
The Call is the quickest way.

The Palm Parlor is a real Toy-  
land just now. Bring the kiddies  
and let them enjoy the sights.

## BATES & GIBSON GARAGE

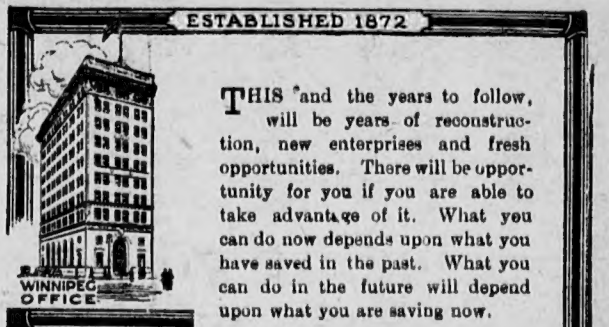
## OVERLAND 4 AGENTS.

## Repair Specialists

Bring us your troubles.

U.S.L. Batteries and Parts.  
Genuine Ford Parts in stock.

Phone 28  
Fourth Ave., - Gleichen



## BANK OF HAMILTON

Milo Branch - A. McIvor, Act.-Mgr.

## Insurance and Real Estate

## Henderson & Mallory

OUR MOTTO:  
"Personal Attention" "Absolute Security"  
Gleichen, Alberta

We wish you a Merry  
Xmas and a Happy New  
Year.

## Revelstoke Sawmill Co., Ltd.

J. E. McCORKEL, - Gleichen.  
W. C. MOULT, - Cluny.  
E. LEWINGDON, - Namaka.

## Daniels & Davidson PAINTING and PAPER HANGING Gleichen St., - Gleichen

From now on moving pictures  
will be shown at the Opera House  
every Wednesday and Saturday  
nights.  
1 o'clock noon—Change your ad

## Notice

To the ratepayer, of the Municipal  
District of Marquis No. 157.  
All applications for seed or feed,  
spring of 1920, must be in the hands  
of the secretary-treasurer by Janu-  
ary 20th, 1920, or the same cannot be  
procured.  
The Municipal District of Marquis  
No. 157.  
Per R. E. HOUSE,  
Secy.-Treas.  
Vulcan, December 7th, 1919. 42



Aurora

Mardiganian herself in "Auction of Souls"

Opera House, Xmas Day, Two Shows, 3 p.m. and 8 p.m.



## MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Contains no alum

We unhesitatingly recommend Magic Baking Powder as being the best and purest baking powder possible to produce. It possesses elements of food that have to do the building up of brain and nerve matter and is absolutely free from alum or other injurious substitutes.

## The Old Year and the New

When the great guns along the western battle front in Europe were silenced at the eleventh hour on the eleventh day of the eleventh month in 1918, by the signing of the armistice, most people throughout the world expected that before another twelvemonth expired a Peace Treaty would be drafted and ratified and brought into full force and effect. But more than a year has passed and, at the time of writing, the nations of the world are still technically at war, although actual fighting ceased on November 11, 1918.

Although peace has not yet come in its fullness, the year now closing has been a memorable one in the history of the world. It has witnessed the drafting and acceptance by most nations of a covenant of a League of Nations for the preservation of peace once it is established; it has seen incorporated in that covenant the new Magna Charta of Labor. Thus has the foundation been laid for better relationships, not only between nations, but between two of the outstanding classes to be found in a nation, and which in the past have been suspicious of and antagonistic towards each other.

The year also witnessed the crowning infamy of the German nation in the sinking of the surrendered German fleet at Scapa Flow. It has been marked by widespread industrial upheavals throughout the world, from which Canada did not escape, although in comparison with other lands we got off lightly.

The principal upheaval in Canada has been in the political thought of the people, a turning away from old organizations created for the purpose of giving effect to the political aspirations of the people, and an acceptance of a new political movement which it is felt by many offers greater hope of an early realization of needed political and economic reforms in this Dominion.

In this column just one year ago the soul-stirring words of the poem by the late Colonel McCrea "In Flanders' Fields," was quoted, in which the people of Canada and the world were urged to keep faith with those who lie sleeping where the blood-red poppies grow. In the year that has since passed, we believe, speaking generally, that the people of Canada have striven to keep faith. The political awakening among the people, to which reference has been made, is the outcome of a desire that Canada shall be made a better land. The splendid efforts put forth by all people to assist in the work of the re-establishment of returning soldiers in civil life, and the care which has been given to the maimed and sick, and the dependents of the fallen, is an evidence of a sincere desire to keep faith.

The truly wonderful response to the last Victory Loan was in order that Canada as a nation might keep

faith and "clean up" its war obligations. The re-awakening of the people in regard to matters of education, public health, community service, and the forward movement in the churches, and the earnest efforts being exerted in many quarters to bring about a better understanding between employers and employees, are all the result of an honest conviction that the Canadian people must keep faith with their glorious and heroic dead.

Despite adverse crop conditions in many parts of the West, industrial unrest and trouble, political uncertainty, and the delay in peace ratification, resulting in commercial handicaps and losses, coupled with the still mounting cost of living as a result of these and other untoward conditions, Canada has gone ahead and prospered. And if our people in the new year now dawning continue to be inspired with the thought, and animated by a pressing desire to keep faith with those who died that Canada might live and be free, then the year upon which we are entering will prove glorious in the annals of this Dominion.

But it is only in steadfastly keeping the faith that this young, vigorous and promising nation can become the mighty influence for good in the world that its present position, so dearly won for it by the soldiers of Canada, entitles it to wield. And to become truly great and a power for good among the nations, it is not sufficient that Canada should produce great crops of wheat, develop great herds of cattle and other livestock, and enormously expand its export trade throughout the world. These are important and necessary, but it is even more important that high ideals should be cultivated, that education should be general, that the moral life of our people be raised to a higher plane, that the health and physical standard of people be improved, that unity in purpose and national ideals should prevail.

In a word, Canadians as a people should adopt the word "co-operation" as their national watchword in 1920. The principle of co-operation draws the whole community together. It breaks down barriers. It unites the state. It gives hope to the humblest toiler. And it strengthens the great moral ideal of duty, without which no state can endure.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother's Worm Expeller, the best remedy of the kind that can be had.

**Belgium Expanding Industries**  
Further evidence of the Belgian industrial expansion is shown in the formation of the Compagnie Transatlantique Belge, official announcement of which has just been made. Its capital is 25,000,000 francs. With a view to creating a steamship line to South America, the Lloyd Royal Belge has ordered its first steamer of 12,000 tons.

**Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.**

**Air Mail Service in the U.S.**  
Air mail activities are five times as great today as they were six months ago, according to a report issued by the Aerial Mail Service of the U.S. post office department. The great gain is due to the extension of the service by the inauguration of the new York-Chicago route, an air line of 710 miles. Today the air mail service is operating 85 planes. The main improvements installed in the last few months are use of fire-proof mail compartments, carburetor screens, preventing backfire, and compressed air fire extinguishers, operated automatically.

Of the twenty odd million acres which comprise Ireland, nearly seven-eighths are barren, being mountain, turf, bog or marsh.

A woman seldom attempts to jolly her son by telling him that he is the very image of his father.

## CHILBLAINS

Easily and Quickly Cured with  
**EGYPTIAN LINIMENT**  
For Sale by All Dealers  
Douglas & Co., Prop'rs. Napanee, Ont.

## Alberta's Boy Sheep Breeders

Have Made Over \$500 During the Past Year

Two small Edmonton boys, 12 and 14 years old, have made over \$500 during the past year in the sheep business. Last winter they had fourteen ewes, four ewe lambs and one ram. From thirteen of these ewes they had seventeen lambs. They sold the wool this summer for \$100, as well as \$405 worth of sheep, and have left fourteen ewes, nine ewe lambs and one ram.

They exhibited two lambs at the spring show, got first and second prizes, and in addition to this caring for a hundred or so chickens. They passed the entrance and are now in high school.

The names of these two energetic farmers are Willis and Robert Carlyle, sons of the livestock commissioner of the province, who has a farm about four miles out of Edmonton.

### Telephones for Beyrout

The war has brought many innovations to the Near East, and the city of Beyrout is no exception to the rule.

The question of installing the telephone has been under discussion by the citizens for some time. This project now seems likely to be soon realized, judging from the number of people who have made application to the military governor for an installation.

**A Pill That Is Prized.**—There have been many pills put upon the market and pressed upon public attention, but none has endured so long or met with so much favor as Farnelle's Vegetable Pills. Widespread use of them has attested their great value, and they need no further advertisement than this. Having firmly established themselves in public esteem, they now rank without a peer in the list of standard vegetable preparations.

### Big Shipment of Herefords

One thousand head of Hereford cattle, selected in the Calgary and Edmonton stockyards, have been shipped to Edmund Thompson's Kleskun ranch at Grande Prairie. This is the largest shipment to the north country known, the cattle occupying two entire trains in transit. Most of the shipment came from Southern Alberta and is described as including some of the best animals which have left that region.

**Ranchers Purchase Breeding Stock**  
Ranchers in the interior have purchased a great deal of new breeding stock recently. One of the most important importations was the introduction into the Otter Valley, by a syndicate of ranchers, of a carload of pure bred Polled Angus cattle, at \$400 per head.

### An Old Offender Caught

For years he has caused endless trouble, but when Putnam's Corn Extractor was applied, he came out roots and all. Any corn or wart cured in twenty-four hours by "Putnam's Extractor," 25c, at all dealers.

### Welcomes "New Poor"

Invited to Canada By Ontario's Agent-General

Will Canada become the home of the so-called "new poor" of England? There are a great many of these people in the British Isles now, and many of them are finding it a real problem to make their income meet the rising costs of living.

The "new poor" is a term that is being applied to people on a fixed income who prior to the war lived on a moderate income from inherited wealth. Today their incomes are the same as they were in 1914, but economic conditions have changed. They find it difficult to live. Brig-Gen. R. Manley Sims, D.S.O., Agent-General for Ontario in England, has written to "The Times," pointing out the possibilities in Canada for people of this class, and inviting them to emigrate to the Dominion.

There is a certain long-suffering father whose nerves sometimes give way under questions from his talkative eight-year-old son.

"Dad," said the youngster just as the old man settled down for a perusal of his newspaper, "Dad, am I made of dust?"

"I think not," responded the unhappy parent, "otherwise you would dry up once in a while."

## Germany Agrees to Reimburse Belgium

Will Remit Bonds to Bear Interest of Five per Cent.

Thanks to the initiative of Mr. Delacroix, Premier and Finance Minister of Belgium, Germany has agreed definitely to reimburse the sum of 5,500,000,000 francs in paper money issued during the German occupation of Belgium. The reimbursement is to begin on April 1, 1920, when Germany will remit bonds, to be redeemed at the latest in 20 years and to bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. The great difference existing between the present and the normal rates of exchange accounts for the fact that the interest is to be declared twice yearly.

Thus Belgium will be repaid a part of the debt owing to her and will become a creditor to Germany for a sum four times greater in marks than the original debt by reason of the rate of exchange.

### Canadian Cattle for Hawaii

The first shipment of Canadian pure bred cattle for the Hawaiian Islands went to stockmen at Kahalui, Island of Maui. There were 18 Holsteins and two Jerseys in the herd. All the animals were selected, and came from various parts of the B.C. coast and interior.

I was cured of terrible lumbago by MINARD'S LINIMENT.  
REV. WM. BROWN.

I was cured of a bad case of earache by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

MRS. S. KAULBACK.  
I was cured of sensitive lungs by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

MRS. S. MASTERS.

### Petrified Forest

Fallen Tree Monarchs, Millions of Years Old, Turned To Rocks

Within the stretch of Arizona's desert lies sixty square miles of petrified forest. There lie preserved for all time petrified tree monarchs, millions of years old, turned to rocks. Mammoth trunks, sometimes five feet in diameter and fifty feet in length, or cracked smoothly into blocks, are transformed into a big stone, beautiful in quality and coloring—quartz, agate, chalcedony, jasper and exquisite opal, infinite in the variety of delicate tint and rich shading.

The method of petrification, by which the giant trees became rock, was one of the strange alchemistries of nature. Probably the wash of water from hot mineral springs rich in silica was the cause. The chemical, permeating the tissues of the plant, acted as a hardening agent, preserving the original structure and detail of the tree with astonishing perfection of detail.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria

**Growth of Elevator Company**  
The Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company show a net profit of \$193,599.12 at the end of the financial year. Within nine years the company has expanded from 46 elevators with 2,580 shareholders to 316 elevators with 63,813 shareholders. The volume of grain handled by the farmers' company in the last year was 21,841,556 bushels, the elevator at Estlin holding the record for the season with 238,750 bushels.

## One Great Essential To a Woman's Health Is Her Nerves.

Nature intended women to be strong, healthy and happy as the day is long, instead of being sick and wretched. But how can any woman be healthy and happy when the whole nervous system is unstrung. The trouble is they pay more attention to their social and household duties than they do to their health. Is it any wonder then that they become irritable and nervous, have hot flushes, faint and dizzy spells, become weak and nervous, and everything in life becomes dark and gloomy.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are the very remedy that nervous, tired-out, weary women need to restore them to the blessings of good health.

Mrs. P. H. Ryan, Sand Point, N.S., writes:—"I have been a great sufferer from nerve troubles. I was so weak and nervous I could not sleep at night and my appetite was very poor. I could not walk across the floor without trembling. I had hot flushes and fainting spells. When I was on my second box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, I began to feel better and kept on until I had used six boxes when I felt like a different person. I am never without them in the house and recommend them to all who suffer with their nerves."

Price 50c. a box at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co. Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## How to Cure Billousness

Doctors warn against remedies containing powerful drugs and alcohol. "The Extract of Roots, long known as Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, has no dope or strong ingredients; it cures indigestion, biliousness and constipation. Can be had at any drug store." Get the genuine. 50c. and \$1.00 Bottles.

## The Creamery Industry Of Saskatchewan

The value of dairying throughout Cheese Factories

The value of dairying throughout Saskatchewan is rapidly becoming a considerable factor in the wealth of the province. Every year sees an increased number of creameries and cheese factories and a corresponding increase in the value of their products. Production figures for 1918 are 84.39 per cent. greater than in 1914. And the increase is a striking evidence of what the Saskatchewan farmer was doing to relieve the shortage in fat foods during the period of the war. That the central part of the province is undergoing the greatest development and demonstrating its ability to produce dairy products is evidenced by the fact that in four years its dairy industry has increased more than 165 per cent. This has been done in spite of the fact that during the past few years the abnormally high prices which have prevailed for all classes of grain and concentrate feeds, and the extreme shortage of labor during the war have tended to make dairy development very difficult.

Statistical returns for 1918 show that while there was an increase over the previous year of 68,241 cattle of all classes, within the province there was a decrease of 1,414 in the number of milch cows. This decrease in the number of cows milked is doubtless due to labor shortage, but when we view these figures in the light of the increased dairy output, they constitute a striking assertion of what is being done to improve the dairy cow in Saskatchewan and by better feeding and care to increase her average output. Last year there were 38 creameries in operation in the province situated in every part of Saskatchewan, representing an investment in buildings and equipment of \$897,000. These creameries manufactured more than 5,000,000 pounds of butter valued at over \$2,221,000, while the wholesale value of milk, cream, and other products was an additional \$960,000.

A further evidence of the importance of the creamery industry in our agricultural development is found in the fact that during 1918 there were a total of 19,364 farmers in the province enrolled as patrons of creameries either directly or through cream buying stations.

### Words From the French

**Long List of Martial Terms Originated With French**

The war has added many French words to current English and American use, and the number of them continues a process that goes back to the Norman French. The word "war" itself, wrote Dr. Henry Bradley, in his "Making of English," is of Norman-French origin, and so also did a long list of martial terms originate with the French, come over into England and become Anglicized, among them "battle," "assault," "siege," "standard," "banner," "armor," "lance," "fortress" and "tower." From France came originally the terminology that identifies the separate parts of a British army, the "company," "battalion," "regiment," "brigade," "division" and "corps," as well as the officers, "general," "colonel," "major," "captain" and "lieutenant." France developed the art, or, as we might now say, the machinery of war earlier than the English, but it is rather surprising to realize how many centuries the terminology has been in use. The words passed naturally enough into English, for during some of those centuries, as Dr. Bradley also suggests, the relation between the two nations was so close that English writers "felt themselves at liberty to introduce a French word whenever they pleased."

### B.C. Shipbuilding

The "Canadian Importer," now under construction at False Creek, B.C., will, in addition to the "Canadian Raider," be put into the Vancouver-Australia service under the flag of the Canadian merchant marine. Both vessels will be fitted out with refrigerating plants to compete in the frozen meat industry.

Wise is the orator who knows when to cut a long story short.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON FOR DECEMBER 28

REVIEW: THE TRAINING OF PETER AND JOHN

A good way to review the lessons of the six months' course of study in the lives of Peter and John will be to arrange them under three heads, as follows: I. Their Call; II. Their Training; III. Their Service. The first half of the studies, the part we have now completed, has had to do with the calling and training of Peter and John. The last half, the lessons for the first quarter of 1920 will have to do with their service.

I. Their Call.

1. To be disciples (Lesson 1), John 1:29-42.

Before Christ trains for service he calls to salvation.

2. To be fishers of men (Lesson 2), Mark 1:14-20.

It would seem that after their conversion the disciples had gone back to their trade of fishing. Those who are called by Christ unto salvation should go back to their ordinary callings in life, if they be honorable, until he definitely calls them into special service.

II. Their Training.

1. Jesus in Peter's home (Lesson 3), Mark 1:29-39.

Christ's entry into Peter's home and the healing of his wife's mother showed to his disciples that he was a sympathizing Savior.

2. A lesson in trust (Lesson 4), Matt. 14:22-33.

The pressing and abiding need of the disciples in their ministry was to trust the Lord.

3. Peter's great confession (Lesson 6), Matt. 16:13-24.

The Lord had been revealing himself in various ways to the disciples. He now examined them to see what they knew about himself. Peter, as spokesman for the rest of the disciples, confessed both the Messiahship and Deity of Christ.

4. Witnesses of Christ's glory (Lesson 7), Luke 9:28-36.

The disciples were offended at the revelation of the cross; their hopes were shattered because they could not see beyond the cross. The transfiguration convinced them not only of his essential glory, but gave them a foregleam of his triumph in the coming kingdom (II. Peter 1:16-18).

5. Jesus corrects John's narrowness (Lesson 8), Luke 9:46-56.

The disciples needed to know that all who are really doing the Lord's work casting out devils, and casting them out in Christ's name, should be received into fellowship and bidden Godspeed. Religious intolerance is displeasing to Jesus.

6. Jesus teaches true greatness (Lesson 9) John 13:1-16.

The truly great are those who take the lowest place in service for others.

7. Peter and John asleep in Gethsemane (Lesson 10), Mark 14:32-42. Though Christ was suffering the awful agony in the garden, his disciples were asleep. Because they did not watch and pray, they failed in the hour of temptation.

8. At the trial crucifixion and resurrection of Jesus (Lesson 11), John 18:15-18; 19:25-27; 20:1-10; 21:15-19. Peter's presumptuous self-confidence kept him from heeding the Lord's warning. He played the coward and even indulged in oaths. Note the steps in Peter's downfall: (1) Self-confidence (Mark 14:29). Jesus had just told them that all of them should be offended, but Peter was determined to show the Lord that he was mistaken in him. (2) Failure to watch (Mark 14:37). Self-confidence is always followed by unwatchfulness. One who thinks himself strong will go to sleep. (3) Failure to pray (Mark 14:38). It is the one who realizes his weakness who always seeks the communion of God in prayer. (4) Zeal without knowledge (Mark 14:47). Peter thought now to make up for his lack of watchfulness and prayer by outward acts. Many today are equally foolish. (5) Following afar off (Mark 14:54). Christ's rebuke of Peter for his ignorant zeal cut him to the quick. He was not ready to forsake him, but followed afar off, no doubt wondering what would be the outcome. (6) Warming himself at the enemies' fire (Mark 14:54). (7) Open denial (Mark 14:66-72).

Will Advertise Canadian Beef

Black Hector, grand champion beef steer of Canada, sold to H. B. Kennedy, Ltd., at public auction in Toronto at 75c per pound, has been placed at the disposal of the Canadian livestock commission and Mr. Kennedy's agent in London, England, to advertise Canadian beef in Europe. The champion is there to be disposed of to the best advantage, and the proceeds given to whatever worthy institution the London agent and the commission may decide on.

## Mrs. Lilian Taylor Tells How Cuticura Healed Her Baby

"Our baby was two weeks old when his face became very red and terribly itchy, and he was fairly crazy rubbing and scratching till the skin broke and bled. He could not sleep, and did nothing but cry. His face looked as though he might be disfigured for life."

"I thought I would give Cuticura Soap and Ointment a trial. I found the free sample so good that I bought more and two cakes of Cuticura Soap and a fifty cent box of Cuticura Ointment healed him." (Signed) Mrs. Lilian M. Taylor, Box 99, Bracebridge, Muskoka, Ont., Dec. 30, '18.

Cuticura Soap to cleanse and purify, Cuticura Ointment to soften and soothe and Cuticura Talcum to powder and perfume are ideal for daily toilet purposes.

For free sample each of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum, write: "Cuticura," Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A. Sold everywhere.

## Sheep and Goat Raising

Fact That Goats Are Considered Immune from Tuberculosis

The sheep and goat industry in Canada continues to grow not only on account of the money that is to be made from mutton and wool, but that the fact that goats are considered immune from tuberculosis has been a great factor in the encouragement of milch goat raising in a number of the provinces of Canada.

Goat herds are numerous in British Columbia, where the milch goat industry is assuming fairly large proportions.

## WELL SATISFIED WITH BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mrs. A. Bernard, La Presentation, Que., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my baby, and am well satisfied with them. I have recommended them to several of my friends, who have also used them with beneficial results." The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the stomach and bowels and thus prove of benefit in cases of indigestion, constipation, colic, colds, etc. They are sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Kilkenny Castle is one of the oldest inhabited houses in the world, many of its rooms being much as they were 300 years ago.

Why suffer from corns when they can be painlessly rooted out by using Holloway's Corn Cure.

### Goats Coming to the Front

Prospects are that the goat industry may assume some importance in the course of the next few years, if the number of inquiries which have recently been received by the department of agriculture is any indication. Many requests for information in this industry have been received, and the department is considering the advisability of appointing an expert on goats to the staff.



## Pains About the Heart

ANY derangement of the heart's action is alarming. Frequently pains about the heart are caused by the formation of gas arising from indigestion.

Relief from this condition is obtained by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Chronic indigestion results from sluggish liver action, constipation of the bowels and inactive kidneys.

Because Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills arouse these organs to activity they thoroughly cure indigestion and overcome the many annoying symptoms.

**Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills**

If Tea or Coffee Disagrees the quick and easy way to satisfaction and better health is to drink

# INSTANT POSTUM

This pure cereal beverage has not increased in price. You'll be pleased with its flavor. Very economical.

"There's a Reason"





# U. S. Must Share in Work Of Aiding Austria

London.—In his speech Thursday Lloyd George referred to the assistance the allies were rendering Austria in food, coal and other supplies, which he described as a mere soup kitchen policy to mitigate a situation regarding large methods.

"But," the Premier continued, "England alone already is severely burdened, and cannot undertake the task of restoring the shattered world and I fail to see what can be done unless America comes frankly with us to take up her share."

Lloyd George defined the delay in connection with the peace treaty with Turkey on the ground of the necessity to know what the United States intended to do. France and Great Britain, he declared, already had heavy burdens, while the United States was under no great extraneous burdens and had her gigantic resources.

It would have been precipitate and led to misunderstanding and suspicions. Lloyd George said, had we not awaited America's decision. We are now entitled to say that we have waited up to the very minute we promised America, and there is no prospect of America coming in.

## D'Annunzio Still at Fiume

Women Said to Be Implored Him to Remain in the City

Trieste.—The withdrawal from Fiume of Gabriele D'Annunzio and his troops, which was set for December 16, did not take place, the women of the town having implored him to remain his garrison there.

D'Annunzio announces that he will not leave Fiume until a plebiscite approves his departure.

A group of women in Fiume has organized a demonstration against his withdrawal.

## Accident to Captain Alcock

Airplane Crashed Near Cotteorlard, in District of Seine Inferieure, Normandy

London.—Captain Sir John Alcock, who made the first non-stop airplane flight across the Atlantic Ocean, has been seriously injured, according to a Lloyd's dispatch from Rouen. His plane crashed near Cotteorlard, in the department of Seine Inferieure, Normandy.

### Four Thousand Saloons Close

Chicago.—Four thousand of Chicago's five thousand saloons will close their doors or go into other business on January 1, according to an estimate by M. J. McCarthy, secretary of the Illinois Liquor Dealers' Protective association. "We really expected to see the saloons open up after the supreme court action," he said, "and the decision upholding war-time prohibition took the pep out of the owners."

### To Celebrate Gen. Wolfe's Birthday

London.—The 193rd anniversary of Wolfe's birthday will be celebrated January 2 at Westerham, Kent, his birthplace, by the usual dinner. Sir George Perley, Canadian high commissioner, has accepted an invitation.

# New Premier Endorsed By Ontario Farmers

Toronto.—Unanimously endorsing the election of Mr. Drury and his colleagues in the provincial cabinet as government representatives of the farmers in this province, the session of the U.F.O., held in Massey hall in connection with the annual convention, was one of the most enthusiastic meetings ever held in that commodious building.

A formal resolution to this effect was carried without a moment's hesitation, and when Premier Drury arose to express his thanks for this he was greeted with exceedingly hearty cheering.

"I thank you most sincerely," he said "for your expression of confidence in myself and my colleagues. It is with a feeling of great humility as well as with recognition of the honor you have conferred upon me

## Railway Schedule Will Stand

Companies Decide to Carry Out the Scheme of Curtailment Previously Announced

Montreal.—It was stated by leading officials of the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific Railways that there was little present indication of any change with regard to the curtailment of train service on those lines owing to the coal shortage due to the bituminous coal strike in the United States. With one or two minor exceptions, it was said, the curtailment plans would be carried out as already announced. It is therefore apparent that reductions in the service announced by the two railways will continue until further notice, and certainly until the coal condition improves. It will depend on two factors, winter operating conditions and the ordinary coal supply.

It will not interfere immediately with holiday traffic, as many of the changes will not go into effect until after the New Year.

## Millions are Starving

Hoover Says Immediate Help Must Be Sent Central Europe

Washington.—Starvation faces from fifteen to twenty million persons in Central Europe outside Germany unless some means can be discovered for their assistance, Herbert Hoover, former food administrator, said in a formal statement. Unless relief is quickly furnished, the predicted a break down of stable government in the countries affected and a creation of another cesspool like Russia.

To meet the situation, Mr. Hoover proposed that the "great surplus of wheat and flour" held by the grain corporation be sold on credit to Finland, Poland, Austria and other nations of Central Europe.

The grain corporation, he said, could extend the credits out of the capital already proposed without a call for special appropriations by congressmen.

## Handing Over the Spoils

Huns' Big Effort to Comply With Conditions of Peace

London.—Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary for War, announced in the House of Commons that the Germans had handed over to the allies 5,000 guns, 25,000 machine guns, 3,000 trench mortars and 1,700 airplanes. They had still failed to deliver 42 locomotives and 4,760 railway trucks. The secretary said that the Germans had made a tremendous effort to comply with the conditions imposed upon them.

### Prince of Wales to Visit Australia

London.—Announcement by the Prince of Wales at King Edward hospital fund meeting that he is proceeding to Australia and New Zealand about March for six or seven months has excited great interest.

Comments on the announcement predict for him a great success and a reputation, to use his own words, of "a wonderful time in Canada."

## Want Limitation of Newsprint in U. S.

Bill Would Restrict Papers to Using Same Quantity as Last Year

Washington.—A new plan for restricting use of print paper was proposed in a bill introduced by Representative Hoch, Republican, Kansas. The Hoch bill would restrict all newspapers and periodicals from using more paper in the first six months of 1920 than was used in the first half of 1919. The restriction would take into consideration circulation and new publications.

Under the Hoch bill no publisher would be given second class mailing privileges without filing a pledge to observe the limitation, and violators would suffer the penalty of paying third class postage rates.

## Currency and Exchange

Austen Chamberlain Says Nations Must Solve Problem of Currencies

London.—Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in the course of a debate in the House of Commons on the question of currency and exchange, expressed the opinion that the problems could be solved by international effort, in which the largest share of the work necessarily must be borne by nations possessing the largest means, not those who were in the war from the first day to the end, but the United States and neutrals, who suffered much less than the belligerents.

The Chancellor said that those members of parliament who suggested that he should lecture or coerce the finance ministers of foreign countries, failed to appreciate the delicacy of the problem, and he believed such a course would promote the desired settlement.

## Art Treasures For Security

Allies Take Fine Works as Security For Loan

Paris.—The art treasures of Austria, like the famous Mona Lisa and other paintings and sculptures brought to France by Napoleon, will be taken as security by the Allies in exchange for food and coal, which are to be sent at once to the famine-stricken republic. It has decided to send an inter-allied commission, composed of art experts, to value the fine works of art in the Vienna museums and art galleries, although authorities like M. Koehlin, of the Louvre museum, who is to head the French delegation, believe it will be practically impossible to value some of the paintings, because they are priceless.

## Massacre Report Denied

Report Was Obviously Bolshevik Propaganda

London.—Official denial of the report circulated by the Russian Bolsheviks that hostile Persians had massacred the British garrison of 1,300 men at Meshed, Persia, was made by the War Office. The announcement stated that this report had been repeated to the War Office without comment by the officer commanding at Meshed three days after the alleged destruction of himself and his command.

It is declared by officials here that the report was obviously Bolshevik propaganda intended to stir up trouble in the east, particularly in India.

### Immediate Help for Austrians

Paris.—After further consideration of Austria's requirements for the relief of her distressing food conditions, the supreme council decided that it would be necessary to furnish relief to the amount of \$70,000,000 at least, to go forward at the rate of \$8,500,000 monthly.

Belief was expressed by the Austrian delegation that the total sum necessary would reach \$100,000,000, which is the amount Chancellor Renner asked the council to loan to Austria.

### St. Catharines Schools Closed

St. Catharines.—Closing of all the public and private schools of the city has been ordered through the city board of health because of the presence of six cases of smallpox in the city. The board also asked the city council to put the Vaccination Act into force.

### Manitoba May See Election in July

Winnipeg.—That the next provincial general election would be held probably in July, but that no definite announcement would be made until after the session of the legislature, was the statement of Premier Norris. The new voters' list, he mentioned, would be practically double that on which the last election took place.

## Expects Advance In Wheat Price

Toronto Star Says Increase of 12c to 15c Per Bushel Likely

Toronto.—The Toronto Star in its news columns says that a substantial increase in the price of wheat for domestic consumption may be expected in the very near future.

The price for the last crops up to the present, as fixed by the wheat board, has been \$2.30 per bushel at Fort William, including a carrying charge of five cents. It is anticipated that the advance in the price may amount to 12 or 15 cents per bushel, says the article.

The story is apparently based on the fact that Lincoln Goldie, representative of the Canadian Wheat board in Ontario, has been in conference with James Stewart, chairman of the wheat board, who came down from Winnipeg some time ago, and has been considering an advance in the domestic price to the millers of Canada.

## Wild Storms on Atlantic

Eight Big Passenger Ships Reach New York Greatly Delayed

New York.—Substantial evidence of the fierce winter storms which have prevailed for the last ten days along the steamer lanes between this country and Europe was shown by eight big passenger liners, which arrived here with more than 17,000 belated passengers. Hulls encrusted with ice, rigging covered with sleet and salt from spray caked on funnels, prefaced the stories told by the ships' officers of high winds and gigantic waves that swept their vessels from stem to stern. The ships arriving were the Rotterdam, from Holland via Plymouth; the Baltic, Royal George, Carmania and Caronia, from British ports, via Halifax; the Lafayette, from Havre; Bergensfjord, from Norway; and Europa, from Genoa. All were from three to five days overdue.

## Price of Newsprint Goes Up

Ottawa.—The price of newsprint paper in Canada is to be raised to \$80 per ton, or 100 lb. mill of January 1, 1920, by the Canadian newsprint mill owners. The announcement made by the paper mill owners, Robert A. Pringle, president of the Canadian newsprint mill owners' association, is \$69 per ton. The price now being received from New York said that the controller intended to raise the price from 75. When questioned as to this Mr. Pringle said the price would be raised to \$80 at the first of the year. For the remainder of 1919 the price will remain at \$69 per ton.

A special meeting of the Canadian newsprint enquiry will be held at the courthouse for the purpose of ascertaining the cost of one mill. The mill in question was not named.

## Want Work For Unemployed

Deputation From Victoria, B.C., Waited on Cabinet at Ottawa

Ottawa.—A deputation headed by Mayor Porter, of Victoria, B.C., waited upon the cabinet in regard to the unemployment situation in Victoria and other towns of British Columbia, where it was stated several thousand men are out of work at the present time. The deputation urged that the government start some public works and let shipbuilding contracts in the endeavor to alleviate the unemployment situation. The deputation was promised their request would be given serious consideration.

### Emma Goldman, to Be Deported

Washington.—Application of Emma Goldman for permission to appeal from federal court decree, denying habeas corpus proceedings, was dismissed by the supreme court at the request of her counsel. Miss Goldman decided to submit to deportation after the court refused to intervene in the case of Alexander Berkman.

### Negotiations With Soviets Broken

Copenhagen.—The negotiations between James O'Grady, representative of Great Britain, and Maxim Litvinoff, representative of soviet Russia, which have been going on here regarding the repatriation of British prisoners held in Russia, have been broken off without an agreement being reached.

### Paris.—A bulletin on Premier Clemenceau's condition issued by doctors

Tufter and Laubrey reads: "The premier's condition is very satisfactory. There will be no further bulletins."

The high note of a song bird may be due to a soar throat.

## Canteen Profits in England and France

Lieut.-Col. Cherry Reaches Ottawa With \$35,000,000 as Canada's Share

Ottawa.—The Ottawa Journal says: "A real Christmas handclasp for soldiers has arrived in Ottawa. He is Lieut.-Col. Cherry, of the pay and audit branch of the department of militia and defence, and he has brought back with him from England the sum of \$35,000,000, Canada's share of the profits of the canteen forces. As all of the money received by these canteens came from the pockets of the soldiers in England and France, it is regarded as proper that the money should go back to the soldiers."

"A suggestion that the money should be turned over to and be administered by the patriotic fund does not find favor among the few soldiers in Ottawa who have knowledge of it. They point out that the soldiers' money should be distributed by soldiers."

## Artful Bank Robbery

Assembled Staff of Bank in a Room and Locked the Door

Aix La Chappelle.—A French soldier wearing the uniform of a captain of the Belgian army called upon the German chief of police here and demanded that he loan him three German policemen to search a local bank. His request was complied with, and the soldier posted one policeman at the outside door of the bank. He then assembled the staff of the bank and the manager in a room, the door of which he locked. After this he ordered the two other police to stand watch over the prisoners, and they were also put under lock and key. The soldier then entered the vault of the bank, coolly took one million marks, and walked away from the building. The policeman stationed as a sentry at the door became suspicious and shadowed the supposed officer and watched him enter a cafe, from which he emerged a few minutes later dressed as a civilian.

## Express Company Fined

Leave to Appeal Is Granted in Case of Consigning Champagne Through Ottawa

Ottawa.—Judgment was rendered in police court by Magistrate Askwith in the case of the Canadian Express Company, which was charged with transporting a quantity of liquor from Montreal to Ottawa in contravention of the order-in-council passed February 24, 1919. The company was fined \$202, but leave was granted at the request of Messrs. Pringle and Guthrie, counsel for the defence, for a stated case to be taken to the Appeal Court. In the meantime, the liquor shipment, comprising 35 cases of champagne, which was billed to the country club, must remain in possession of the police. The court refused a request fathered by the defence for the liquor to be handed over to the defendant company for reshipment to Boivin-Wilson Company, Montreal, the consignors.

### Customs Officers Seize Steamer

Halifax, N.S.—The Western Union cable steamer Robert C. Lowery, which was raided after her arrival from St. Pierre, Miq., by local temperance officers and police officers, who found a large quantity of liquor in the crew's quarters on the steamer, was seized by the customs department. Bonds will be given for her release pending decision by the department under its laws. No charge will be brought under the Nova Scotia Temperance Act.

### Saskatchewan Grain All Threshed

Regina, Sask.—As a result of the extremely early winter weather, it was feared by the provincial department of agriculture that considerable quantities of grain might have remained unthreshed in Saskatchewan. Information has been gathered from all districts that show that practically all grain has been threshed, with the exception of some flax and a quantity of wheat in the district north of Saskatoon.

### Release of U.S. Goods

Washington.—Great Britain is prepared now to release American-owned goods seized during the war upon the establishment of their American ownership at the time the goods were shipped, the State Department was advised by the British Foreign Office.

### Won't Remain Neutral

Brussels.—The Belgian government will refuse absolutely to return to its state of neutrality, according to the Independence Belge.

# Britain Awaits The Ratification Of Agreement

## Royal Family Sees Film Of Prince's Tour

Albert Hall Was Crowded When Motion Pictures Were Shown

London.—The Albert Hall was crowded when the King and Queen and Princess Mary and the younger princes attended a display given by the Canadian Pacific Railway on behalf of the London hospitals of films depicting the Prince of Wales' Canadian tour.

Sir George Perley presided, and the royal party remained during the greater part of the show. The audience maintained a running fire of enthusiasm as the incidents in every town visited by the Prince came into view.

## German Ship Ablaze

Frequency of Fires Leads to Arrest of Aliens

London.—Another vessel was added to the list of former German ships mysteriously afire while lying at the Thames docks, when the Boonah, under charter of the Australian government and loaded with a general cargo, scheduled to sail, discovered two holds blazing while waiting at the Royal Albert docks.

The frequency of such blazes is believed to be connected with the arrest of four men on the night of Dec. 13 on the landing, which was made public here. The quartette resisted arrest, but the men were taken into custody by dock police and are still being held. All are foreigners.

## Policemen Aid Burglars

Evidence Is Obtained Sufficient to Convict at Least Six Officers

New York.—Evidence sufficient at least to convict six policemen who have aided burglars in five recent robberies in Brooklyn and Manhattan of property valued at more than \$200,000 is in possession of District Attorney Lewis, of Brooklyn, he has announced. Two policemen are already under arrest and the district attorney declared that four other blue coats belonged to a gang of burglars, who not only perpetrated several daring burglaries, but invaded the wholesale clothing district and carted away truckloads of wearing apparel.

### To Confer on Fiume

London.—Premier Lloyd George and Premier Nitti, of Italy, have been invited to meet Premier Clemenceau, of France, and possibly an American representative, in Paris in the course of a few days, it was stated here. An effort to settle the question of Fiume is the purpose of the meeting.

### French Consulate Destroyed

Constantinople.—The French consulate here was destroyed by fire Wednesday.

London.—Mr. Lloyd George in the House of Commons said the agreement to guarantee France against wanton aggression was subject to ratification by the United States of that particular point. If the United States should not ratify the guarantee to France, he stated, Great Britain would be free to reconsider her position.

The Premier began by defending a certain reticence in negotiation, "stating the danger of dropping a word calculated to kindle inflammable opinion in Italy, regarding Fiume, but contended that this was not secret diplomacy and pointed out that the publicity given to all decisions of the Paris conference was unprecedented.

With reference to the Anglo-United States-French conventions, he said that the British government had given no understanding on the subject for the simple reason that it could not imagine that the United States would dishonor the signature of its great representative.

He admitted that for Great Britain to undertake the charge alone would be a serious obligation, which he would not enter upon without the consent of parliament.

Adding to his Russian statement, he said it was a dismal prospect, but they could only keep vigilant watch until Russia issued from its present darkness with a stable government to carry on its negotiations.

## Future Aviation

Airship Service Between U. S. and England Coming

London.—A weekly airship service to America is contemplated by a combination of aviation firms, which are credited with the intention of acquiring the famous R-34 and her sister ship, the R-33. These are being altered to meet passenger and cargo requirements.

### U.S. Liquor Interests to Take Action

Chicago.—Liquor interests estimate their losses as a result of the enforcement of the war-time prohibition law at \$400,000,000, according to a statement made here by Levy Mayer, chief counsel for the distillers in the middle west.

He announced that a suit to recover approximately this sum from the United States government will soon be filed in the court of claims at Washington.

### Montreal Hotel Scheme Prohibited

Montreal.—The city authorities have decided not to waive the city bylaw which forbids the erection of buildings more than ten storeys. It was requested to do so by a number of prominent citizens who supported a scheme to erect a 16-storey hotel here.

### Favors Centralized German State

Berlin.—The Prussian state assembly, by a vote of 210 to 32, passed a resolution in favor of a centralized German state.

# Relief From High Prices Not Yet In Sight

## Ammunition Exp'osion in Pictinny Arsenal, N.J.

Wire Communication Was Broken, Preventing News Being Obtained

Dover, N.J.—An explosion of ammunition at Pictinny Arsenal occurred Wednesday midnight.

Government officials phoned to Dover to send available fire apparatus, and a few minutes later wire communication with the arsenal was cut off. It could not be ascertained if there was loss of life. The fire could be seen for several miles.

At 1.15 a.m. shells were exploding at intervals in the burning arsenal. Several hundred have been employed there, which has maintained operation since the signing of the armistice, manufacturing powder. Nothing is as yet known as to any casualties.

Winnipeg.—There is no hope for relief from the present high prices for some time to come, according to a statement issued by members of the board of commerce.

There will be no relief, the commissioners declare, until international trade conditions return to normal.

"With the high prices of wheat and mill feeds, and the creating of the foreign demand for all products, it is hopeless for some time to expect any relief from present price conditions," the commissioners assert.

Present conditions have been seized upon by some dealers to profiteer, the board charges. It is pointed out, however, that all high prices are not the result of profiteering. Many are due to natural increases forced by conditions growing out of the war. That export trade is being fostered to the benefit of manufacturers and producers at the expense of the consumer, is another allegation.



